



# Belastingdienst

# **Registration form**

# Foreign companies

# Why is this form used?

Who can use this form:

- foreign entrepreneurs who want to register with the Netherlands
   Tax Administration for VAT, corporation tax and payroll taxes
- entrepreneurs from non-EU countries who want to apply for a VAT refund
- entrepreneurs from non-EU countries who want to register for the EU VAT One Stop Shop (OSS) with the Netherlands Tax Administration
- foreign legal entities or collaborative ventures who want to apply for a Dutch tax reference number to file a transfer tax return
- foreign legal entities or collaborative ventures who want to apply for a Dutch tax reference number to register for a dividend tax refund
- foreign tax service providers who want to apply for a Dutch tax reference number

If you are registering to file a VAT return in the Netherlands, you will get a Dutch VAT number. If you are not based in the EU, and want to reclaim Dutch VAT or want to apply for the use of the One Stop Shop, you will receive a Dutch registration number.

If you are registering for payroll taxes, we will send you a payroll tax return letter (Aangiftebrief loonheffingen). This letter contains the time periods for which you are required to file tax returns. In addition, the letter provides a payroll tax number that you need to use to file payroll tax returns. If you have to pay employee insurance scheme contributions, we will send you a letter stating the sector you have been classified under and a letter stating the percentage of the differentiated premium for the Return to Work Fund (Werkhervattingskas or Whk). For more information, consult the 'Handboek Loonheffingen' (Payroll Tax Manual, only available in Dutch). Go to belastingdienst.nl/loonheffingen to download the manual.

Are you registering as a tax service provider and do you want to log in to 1 of our portals on behalf of your clients? You need eHerkenning to do so. Once we have processed your registration, you can apply for eHerkenning. You will need to enter your tax reference number in your application for eHerkenning. See belastingdienst.nl/login-eherkenning for more information about eHerkenning for tax service providers.

# Completing and sending the form

Send the duly completed and signed form by mail, with sufficient postage, to:

Belastingdienst/Klantgegevens

Postbus 2892

6401 DJ Heerlen

The Netherlands

#### Attachments to include

The following attachments must be submitted with the form:

- Documents that show in which branch you are active in your own country
- A proof of entry into a Chamber of Commerce abroad if you are registered as such
- In case of letting or purchasing immovable property: attach the relevant details
- If you have a temporary employment contract with 1 or more employees: the form 'Melding Loonheffingen uitzenden' (only available in Dutch)
- If you have taken over activities from another employer:
   the form 'Melding Loonheffingen overdracht van activiteiten'
   (only available in Dutch)
- If you have an authorised representative: a copy of the authorisation
- If you are based in a non-EU country: a tax statement of that country
- If the entrepreneur is a natural person or an association:
   a copy of the proof of identity of every natural person who does
   not have a citizen service number (burgerservicenummer or BSN).
- If your company has another legal form: a copy of the instrument of incorporation

## Please note!

If any of the attachments are not in Dutch, German or English, you must submit a translation of the documents.

## Do not include invoices

If your registered office is in a non-EU country and you are registering for claiming back Dutch VAT, do not send any invoices. Invoices can be sent later with the form Application for VAT refund for entrepreneurs based in non-EU countries.

### Privacy

We treat the data of citizens and companies and your privacy with care. Please visit belasting dienst.nl/privacy-statement and see how we do this.

# Do you have any questions?

Please call the Tax Information Line for Non-resident Tax Issues: 055 53 85 385 and from abroad: +31 55 53 85 385.



1	Reason for registration	
1a	Are you established in a non-EU country and want to apply for a Dutch VAT refund? Choose 'No' if you also want to register to file a VAT return. In that case you can claim back the VAT via the VAT return.	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up to and including 6, possibly in Section 7 and in Section 12.  Do not send any invoices. You can send the invoices later together with the form Application for VAT refund for entrepreneurs based in non-EU countries.  No
1b	Do you want to register for filing a VAT return?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up and including 6, possibly in Section 7 and in Section 12.  No
1c	Are you established in a non-EU country and want to register to use the One Stop Shop for VAT?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up and including 5 and in Section 12.  No. Are you established in another EU country and want to use the One Stop Shop?  If so, register for the One Stop Shop with your country's tax authorities.
1d	Do you want to register for corporation tax?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up and including 5 and in Section 8 and 12.  No
1e	Do you want to register for payroll taxes?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up and including 5, in Section 9 and possibly in Section 10 and in Section 12.  No
1f	Do you want to apply for the transfer tax?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up and including 5, in Section 11 and in Section 12.  No
1g	Do you want to apply for the dividend tax refund?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1 up and including 4 and in Section 12.  No
1h	Do you want to register as a tax service provider?	Yes. Answer the questions in Section 1, 2, 4 and 5 and in Section 12.  No
2	Details of your company	
2a	Are you or have you ever been registered with the Netherlands Tax Administration? This also includes, for example, a citizen service number, a VAT tax number or a tax number for the purposes of transfer tax.	No. Send a copy of your proof of identity. In the event of an association, please send a copy of the proof of identity for every natural person without a citizen service number (BSN).  Yes, under number
2b	Are you registered with the Chamber of Commerce in the Netherlands?	No. Check if you have to register on kvk.nl.  Yes, under number



2	Details of your company (continue	ed)				
2c	Are you registered with the Chamber of Commerce in your own country?	No Yes. Include a copy of registration.				
2d	Are you based in another EU country?	No. Send a tax statement from your own country and proceed to question 2f.  Yes				
2e	Do you have a VAT identification number in your own country?	No Yes, number				
2f	Legal name of the company					
2g	Trade name of the company					
2h	Legal form of the company	Sole proprietorship Association Otherwise, i.e.				
2i	What is the date of establishment of the legal entity or collaborative venture?	Include a copy of the instrument of incorporation.				
2j	In what country was the legal entity or collaborative venture established?					
2k	Registered office of the company: street, number and annex					
	Postal code and town					
	Country					
21	Telephone number					
2m	Website					
2n	Name of contact					
20	Do you have a sole proprietorship and is your home address different from your place of business?	No. Then you can skip this question.  Yes. Please state your home address.				
	Home address: Street, number and annex					
	Postal code and town					
	Country					



D	Do you have an authorised		No. Proceed to Section 4.				
re	epresentative who represents		Yes. Please enter the name of				
-	ou at the Netherlands Tax dministration?	······i	the authorised representative				
			and include a copy of the authorisation.				
	oes your authorised		Yes. State the number.	AAA	aa	We are aware of the address.	
c (t	epresentative have a tax onsultant's registration number oeconnummer) from the letherlands Tax Administration?		No. Enter the correspondence a	ddress of your auth	orised repr	esentative below.	
I	Street, number and annex						
	Postal code and town						
I	P.O. Box						
	Postal code and town						
C	ountry correspondence address						
T	elephone number						
V	What type of tax is the subject of this authorisation?		VAT				
		Corporation tax					
		Payroll taxes					
			Transfer tax				
			Dividend tax refund				
	Correspondence						
If	you opt for a tax residence in the deed	d of trai	nsfer of immovable property, we u	se this address as th	ne correspoi	ndence address for the transfer tax	х.
Α	t which address do you want		At the registered office of the	company	Coi	respondence on VAT	
to	to receive correspondence?		(see answer question 2k)		Coi	respondence on corporation t	tax
					Соі	respondence on payroll taxes	
			At the home address		Сог	respondence on VAT	
			(see answer question 20)		Coı	respondence on corporation t	tax
					Соі	respondence on payroll taxes	
			At the address of my authoris	ed	Coi	respondence on VAT	
			representative (see answer question 3b			respondence on corporation t	tax
						respondence on payroll taxes	
			At another address. Enter this	correspondence	Соі	respondence on VAT	
	i	::		,	:		
			address at question 4b and indic of tax it applies to.	ate which kind	Coi	respondence on corporation t	ax



4	<b>Correspondence</b> (continued)	
1b	Different address for corresponden	nce
	Street, number and annex	
	Postal code and town	
	P.O. Box	
	Postal code and town	
	Country correspondence address	
5	Business activities	
ā	Your company's activities in your own country. Please include	
	supporting documents.	
	Your company's activities in the Netherlands. If there is not enough space, please add an attachment. Ensure that it is clear to which question the information refers to.	



6	VAT – general data				
6а	Start date of your activities in the Netherlands	İA	LA.	–	AAA
6b	Do you sell goods in the Netherlands to private persons? An example: You are a foreign company and you sell CD's to private individuals at a music fair in Amsterdam.		Yes		No
6с	Do you sell goods from the Netherlands to private persons from other EU countries? An example: You are a foreign company and you send clothing to a private person in Valencia from a rented warehouse in Rotterdam.		Yes		No
6d	Do you sell goods in the Netherlands to other foreign companies? An example: As a foreign company, you have a rented warehouse in Rotterdam and at that location, you sell cheese to a company from Hamburg.		Yes		No
6e	Do you sell any goods from the Netherlands to companies from other EU countries (intra-Community supplies)? An example: As a foreign company, you have a rented warehouse in Rotterdam and from there, you send a consignment of flower bulbs to a business operator in Paris.		Yes		No
6f	Do you take your own goods from the Netherlands to another EU country?		Yes		No
6g	Do you sell from the Netherlands to customers outside the European Union?		Yes		No
6h	Do you have Intra-Community acquisitions (ICA) in the Netherlands?		Yes		No
6i	Did you receive any invoices with Dutch VAT that has been reverse-charged to you?		Yes		No
6ј	Do you have any other deliveries in the Netherlands which are subject to VAT? Also choose 'Yes' if these deliveries are at a 0% VAT rate.		Yes		No
6k	Do you charge VAT for services provided in the Netherlands?		Only to com	panies	
			Only to priv	ate per	sons
			To compani	es and	to private persons
			No		
6l	Is there any involvement in letting or buying immovable property?		Yes. Answer	the ques	stions in Section 7.
			No. You do n	ot have	to complete Section 7.



7	VAT – immovable property	
	Please read the explanatory notes at the end of this form. Here you can also re	ad which attachments you need to include.
а	Do you let immovable property or parts thereof to companies not based in the Netherlands with VAT?	No Yes, starting from
b	Do you let 1 or more holiday homes located in the Netherlands to private persons?	No Yes, starting from
C	Do your let 1 or more parking spaces in the Netherlands to private persons?	No Yes, starting from
d	Do you let immovable property or parts thereof in the Netherlands with VAT in which the VAT is reverse-charged to the tenant?	No Yes, starting from
e	To which assets do you attribute the permanently exploitable immovable property?	Fully part of the business assets  Fully part of the private assets  For
f	What is the address or if the address is not known, the Land Registry code of the immovable property referred to in question 7e?	
g	Did you request an option for the immovable property referred to in question 7a up to and including 7d to transfer the title charged with VAT?	No Yes. Enter the address or if the address is not known, enter the Land Registry code.
h	Do you have the ownership of a holiday home which you are – almost exclusively – using for private purposes?	No Yes. Enter the address or if the address is not known, enter the Land Registry code.
i	Do you exploit any immovable property located in the Netherlands other than the property referred to in question 7a up to and including 7d?	No Yes. Enter the address or if the address is not known, enter the Land Registry code.



8	Corporation tax	
8a	Start date of your activities in respect of corporation tax in the Netherlands	
8b	Is the regular financial year the same as a calendar year?	Yes No, the financial year is from month up to and including month
8c	Do the activities in the Netherlands start in the first financial year?	Yes No. Skip question 8d.
8d	Does the 1st financial year after incorporation deviate from a regular year according to the Articles of Association?	Yes, the 1st financial year is from
		No No
9	Payroll taxes – general data	
	Please read the explanatory notes at the end of this form.	
9a	Number of permanent employees you employ worldwide	
9b	Number of employees who do not work for you in the Netherlands but who have social insurance in the Netherlands.  From which date is the 1st employee covered by social insurance in the Netherlands? Also answer the questions in Section 10.	
9c	Number of employees working and residing in the Netherlands	
	Do these employees have social insurance in the Netherlands? From which date is the 1st employee covered by social insurance in the Netherlands? Also answer the questions in Section 10.	Yes No. Continue to question 9d.
9d	Number of employees not residing in the Netherlands but working there	
	Do these employees have social insurance in the Netherlands? From which date is the 1st employee covered by social insurance in the Netherlands? Also answer the question in Section 10.	Yes No. Continue to question ge.
9e	Are you required to withhold wage tax/national insurance contributions for the employees referred to in question gc and gd?  From which date are you required to withhold wage tax/national insurance contributions for the 1st employee? Proceed to question gg.	Yes No. Continue to question 9f.
9f	Do you want to voluntarily register as a withholding agent for wage tax/national insurance contributions?	Yes, starting from
9g	Did you take over the activities or part thereof from another employer? Also choose 'Yes' if your company or part thereof changed its legal form.	Yes. Also complete the form 'Melding Loonheffingen overdracht van activiteiten' (only available in Dutch) and attach.  No
9h	Do you have temporary employment contracts or a payroll agreement with 1 or more employees? Or are you a personnel company (personeels-bv) or partly so?	Yes. Also complete the form 'Melding Loonheffingen uitzenden' (only available in Dutch) and attach.  No
9i	Period of time over which you want to file a payroll tax return	4 weeks Month



These details are relevant in respect of so	ese details are relevant in respect of sector classification. Please read the explanatory notes at the end of this form.				
Do you have more than 1 business activity?	No. You do not have to complete question 10b. You have already completed the details in question 5b.  Yes. Also answer question 10b.				
Describe every business activity as clearly as possible. Also enter the (estimated) annual wage assessable for social insurance for the General Unemployment Fund (AWf).					
Description of business activity 1. If there is not enough space, please add an attachment. Please state clearly which information pertains to which question.					
Wage assessable for General Unemployment Fund – business activity 1	€				
Description of business activity 2. If there is not enough space, please add an attachment. Please state clearly which information pertains to which question.					

If you have any more business activities, add an attachment. Please state clearly which information pertains to which question.



11	Transfer tax			
11a	Date of delivery or expected date of delivery of the immovable property			
11b	Address of the immovable property.	Have you already answered question 7f? Then you can skip this question.		
	Street, number and annex			
	Postal code and town			
11c	Cadastral designation	Municipality	Section	Plot number
	or designations of the immovable property. Does the transaction concern several cadastral designations? If so, please enter them all.			
	You do not need to answer this question if you have already ent the address of the immovable property in question 11b.			
12	Signature			
	Name			
	Date			
	Signature Please sign within the box.			
	Number of attachments			



# **Explanatory notes**

#### Question 7a up to and including 7d

These concern business premises, holiday homes as well as parking spaces. Reverse-charging also refers to renting an immovable property by an intermediary who independently declares the VAT on the rent and who pays it. In case of a holiday home, the issue is whether you exploit it as a vacation business with the aim of getting a sustainable income and/or whether you also use the holiday home privately. It is not relevant how much you use it privately. It is also defined as private use if you have to pay a mediator a rental for private use.

#### Question 7i

It does not matter whether the right of exploitation of that immovable property results from ownership or from rental or lease agreements. The immovable property referred to comprises dwellings, school buildings, agricultural land and horticultural land.

#### Attachments you must submit for question 7

For each property and in so far as these documents are present:

- a copy of the registered notarial deed of acquisition, or
- a copy of the turnkey agreement signed by all of the parties

For every immovable property which is wholly or partly used as business premises which is rented out with VAT:

- an overview of all of the tenants and the surface area in m<sup>2</sup> which is rented by them
- which of the tenants are subject to letting with VAT
- if applicable: the surface area in m<sup>2</sup> which is not rented out vacancy
- if applicable: the surface area in m<sup>2</sup> which is used as living accommodation
- the total of the lettable surface area in m<sup>2</sup>
- a copy of a letting agreement for every tenant as concluded

If the immovable property being let is a static caravan:

 a copy of the assessment of the Municipality under the Valuation of Immovable Property Act (Wet waardering onroerende zaken or WOZ). If it has not been issued yet, apply to the Municipality.

For a holiday home you let as a vacation business and for which letting you use the services of a third person:

- a copy of agreement concluded with the third party concerned – a letting agency agreement
- if applicable: an original power of attorney which shows that the third person is allowed to act on your behalf

# Question 9b up to and including 9d

For employees who are covered by social insurance schemes in the Netherlands, you are obliged to pay employee insurance contributions and either pay or withhold income-related healthcare insurance contributions. Employees who live and work in the Netherlands are insured in the Netherlands. Therefore, you must pay employee insurance contributions for them and either pay or withhold income related healthcare insurance contributions. Employees who work for you in the Netherlands but do not live there can remain insured in their original insurance country subject to certain conditions. If you have a so-called A1 certificate for these employees, showing that they are insured in another country, you do not have to pay employee insurance contributions for them in the Netherlands or pay/withhold income-related healthcare insurance contributions. Your employee should obtain this certificate from the competent authorities in the country of residence.

## Question ge

For employees who work for you in the Netherlands and whom you have hired out, seconded or posted and who work under the management and supervision and at the expense and risk of a third party, you must withhold and pay wage tax and national insurance contributions. This also applies when you have a fixed establishment in the Netherlands or when your employees work on the Dutch continental shelf.

#### Question of

If you are not actually required to withhold and pay wage tax/ national insurance contributions for an employee, you can still choose to do so. In that case, the wage tax regulations apply. You must keep payroll records, for instance. Your employees do not have to pay wage tax/national insurance contributions via their own income tax return.

#### Question 9h

A temporary employment contract is an employment contract in which an employer and an employee agree that the employee works for a third party – the client. The employee works under the management and the supervision of that third party.

A payroll agreement is a special form of a temporary employment contract in which personnel is selected and recruited by the client i.e., not by the payroll company after which the personnel is placed on the wage list of the payroll company. The payroll company makes the employees available to the client and the employees work in his company and under his management and supervision. The payroll company needs the permission from the client to arrange for an employee to work elsewhere.

There is a personnel company (personeels-bv) if, within a group, the personnel from the personnel company is made available to other companies which are part of the same group.

### Question 10

Your activities in the Netherlands are relevant if you employ persons who have social insurance cover in the Netherlands. Various premiums depend on the sector in which you have been classified. As a rule, we consider the activities you have in your own country. However, if your activities in the Netherlands are self-contained, it may be a matter of what is referred to as a classifiable unit. In that case, we base the premiums on those activities.

## Question 10b

The wage assessable for social insurance for the General Unemployment Fund (AWf) is the total wage over which you have to pay the premiums for the employee insurance schemes.

In order to make a statement of the wage assessable for social insurance for the General Unemployment Fund, make a statement of the wage details in the current calendar year. You must convert the wage details into an annual wage.